

# Benchmarking Enterprise Networks: Modeling Hybrid Network Costs

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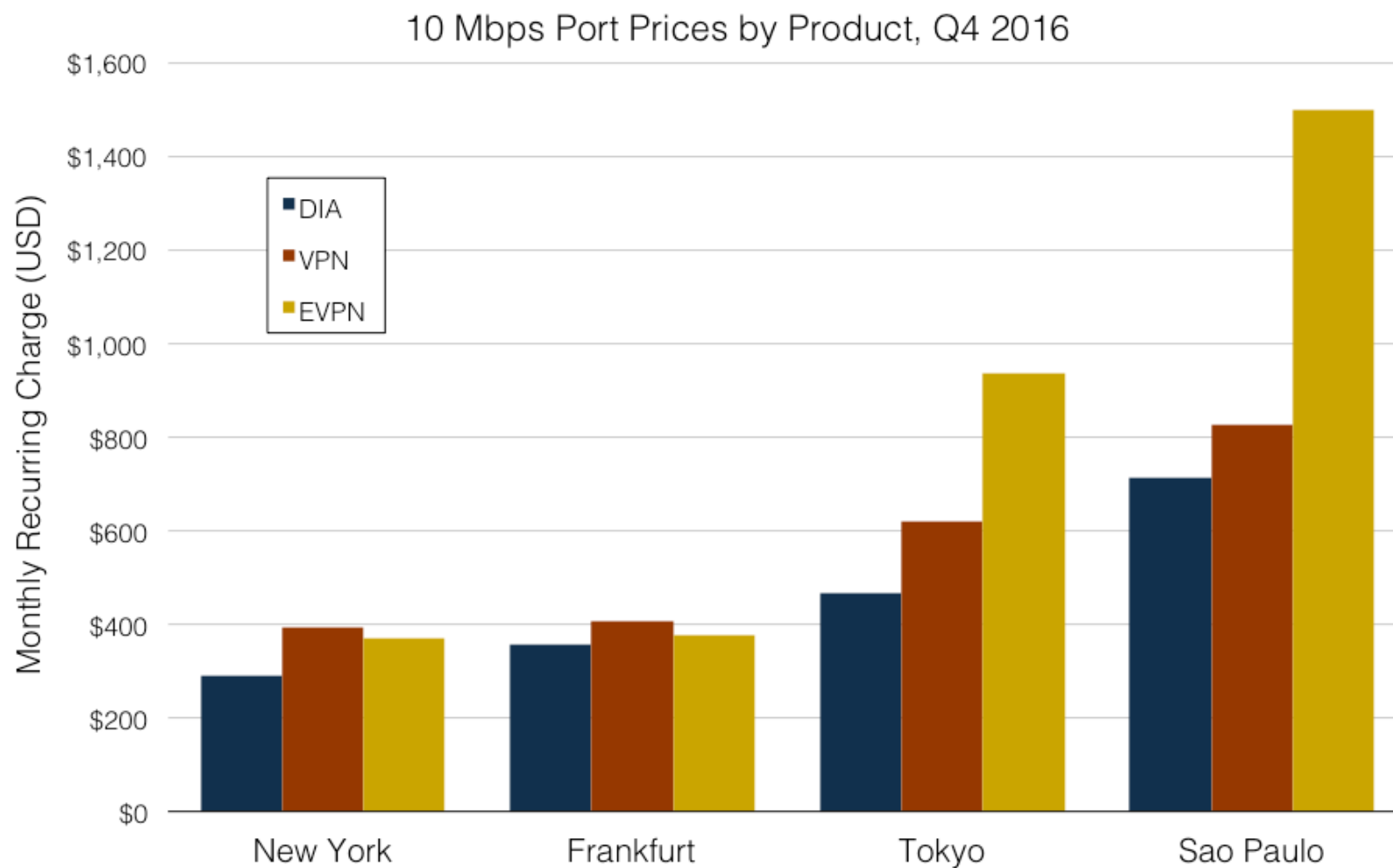
# Overview

- Topics covered
  - General trends in network pricing
  - Cost optimization strategies for network design
  - Role of diversity (both in route and product choice)
  - Modeling and evaluating potential network designs and deployment strategies

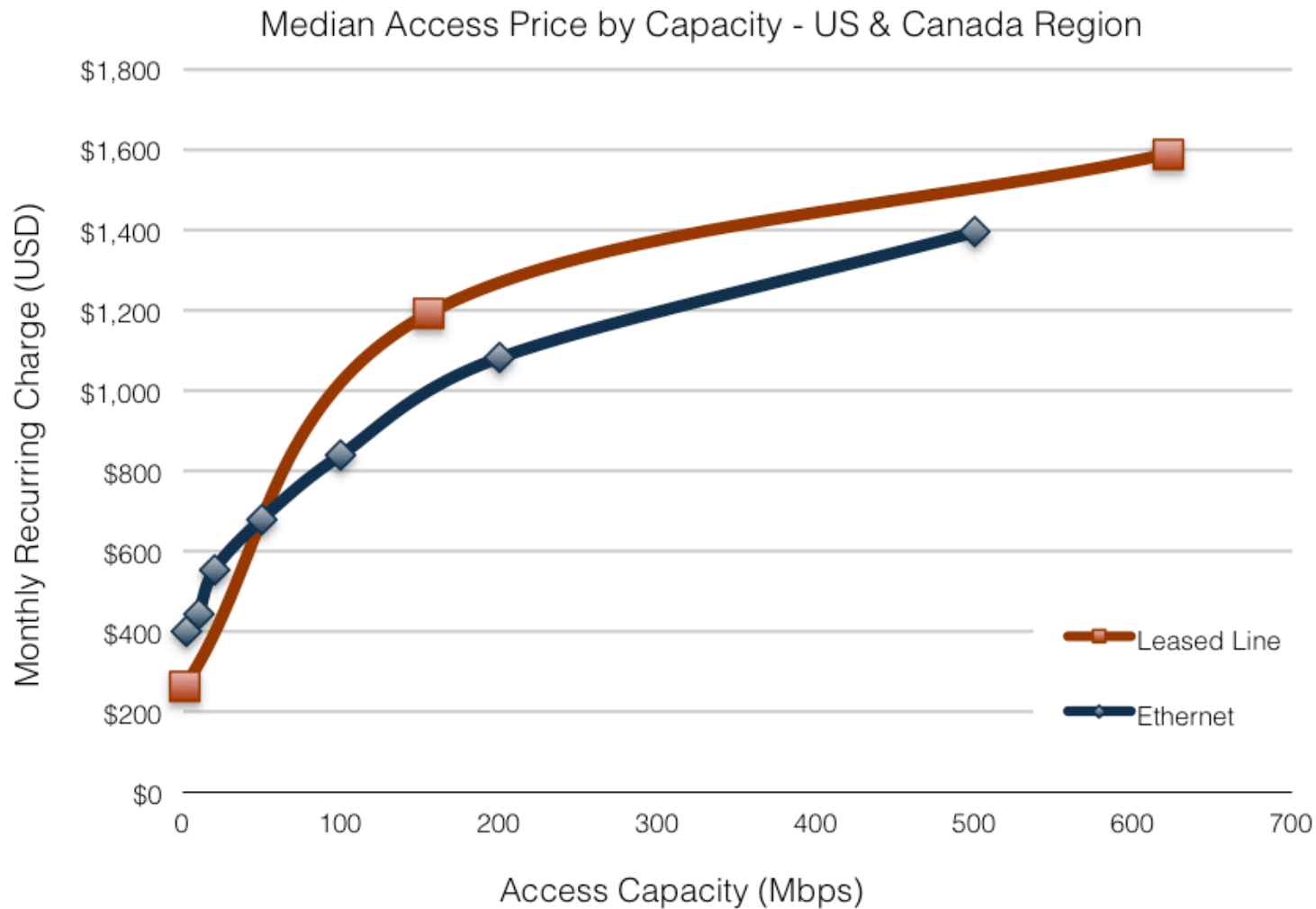
# Pricing Components and Trends

- Baseline price components of a WAN deployment
  - Network Port
  - Access Line
  - Rental charges for CPE (Customer Premises Equipment)
  - Class of Service
  - Backup / Diversity Charges

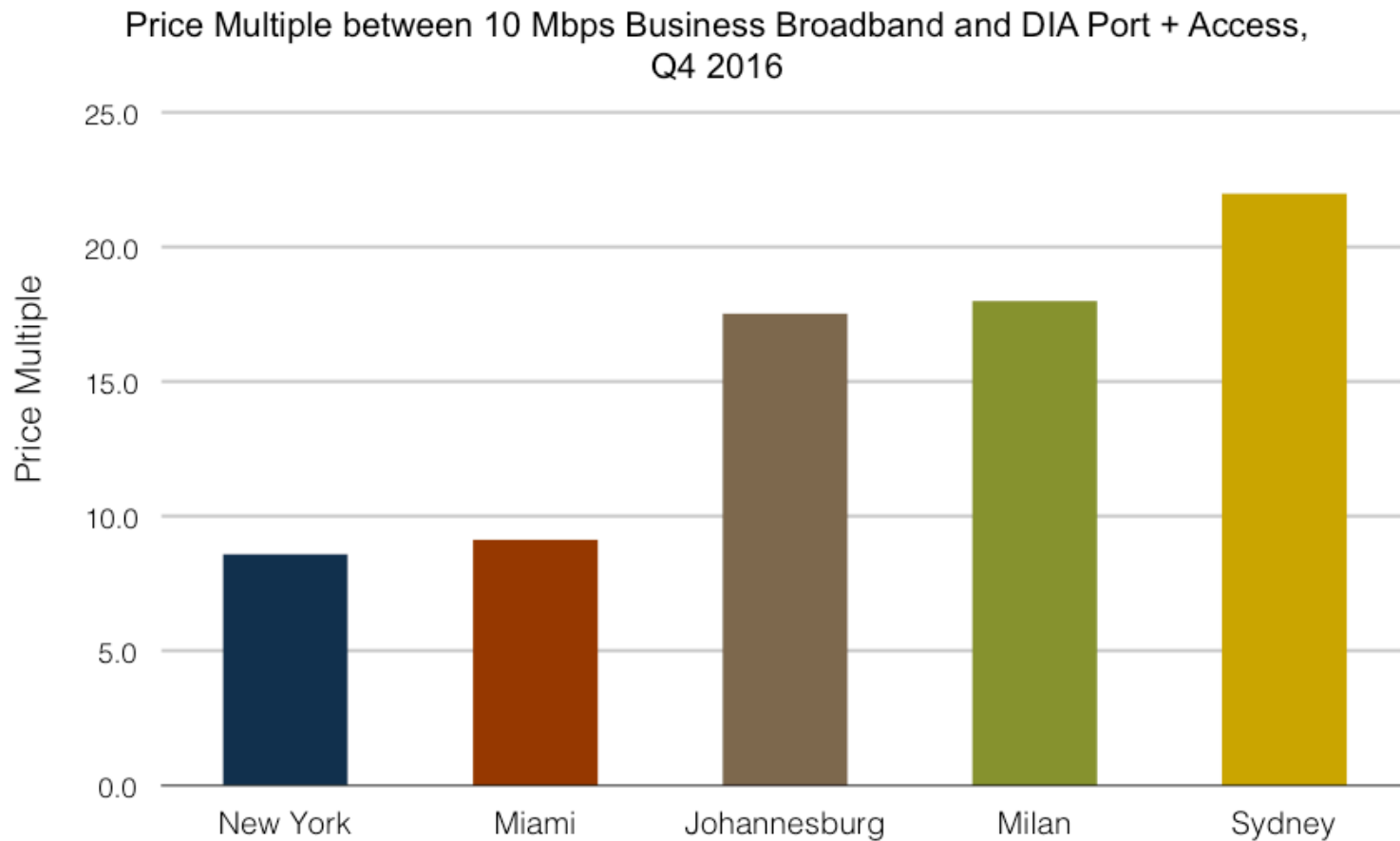
# Product Choices – Network Port



# Access Types

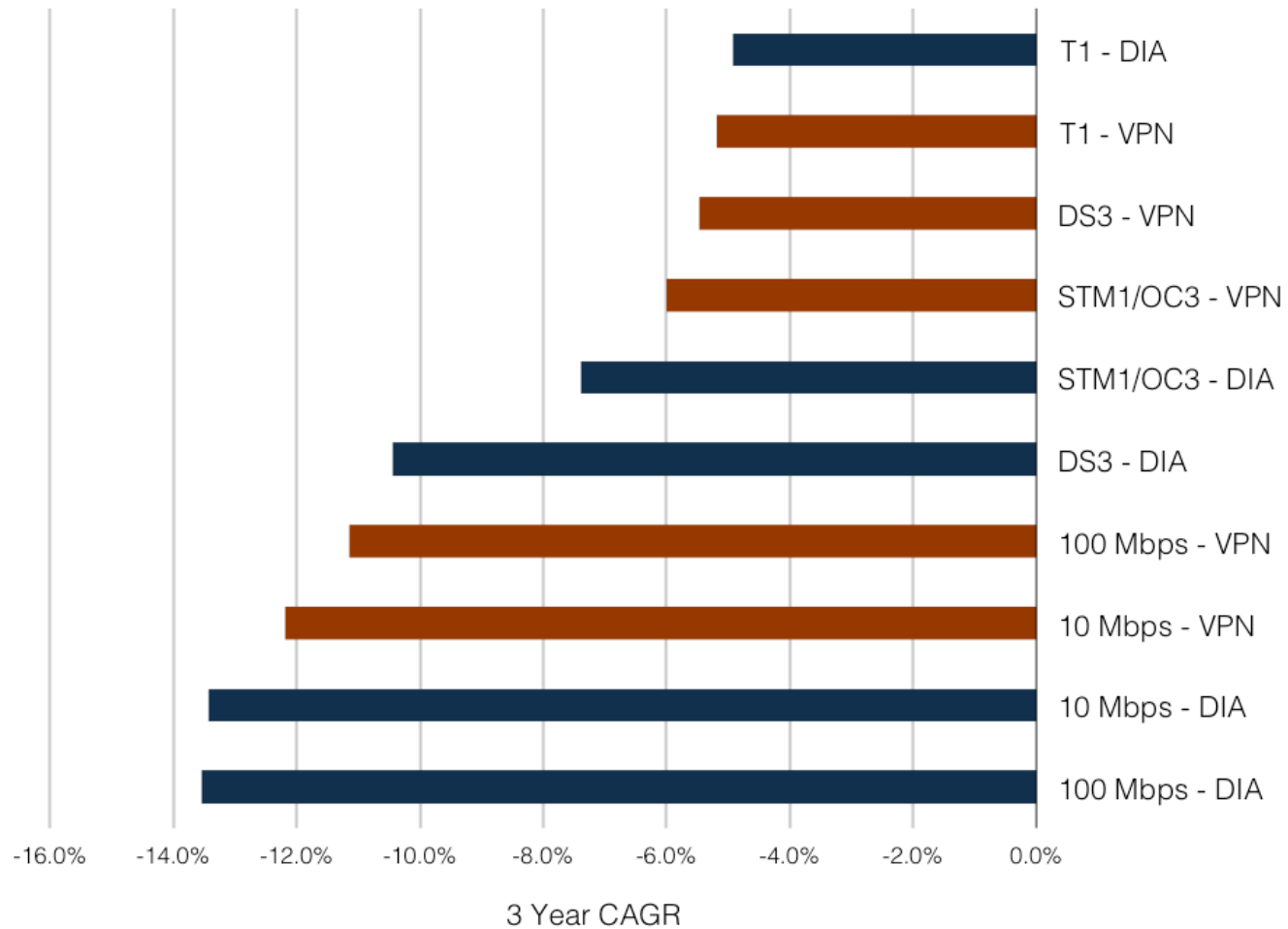


# Broadband Price Multiples



# Differing Rates of Price Decline

Rate of Price Decline for DIA and VPN Solutions at Key Capacities - New York City

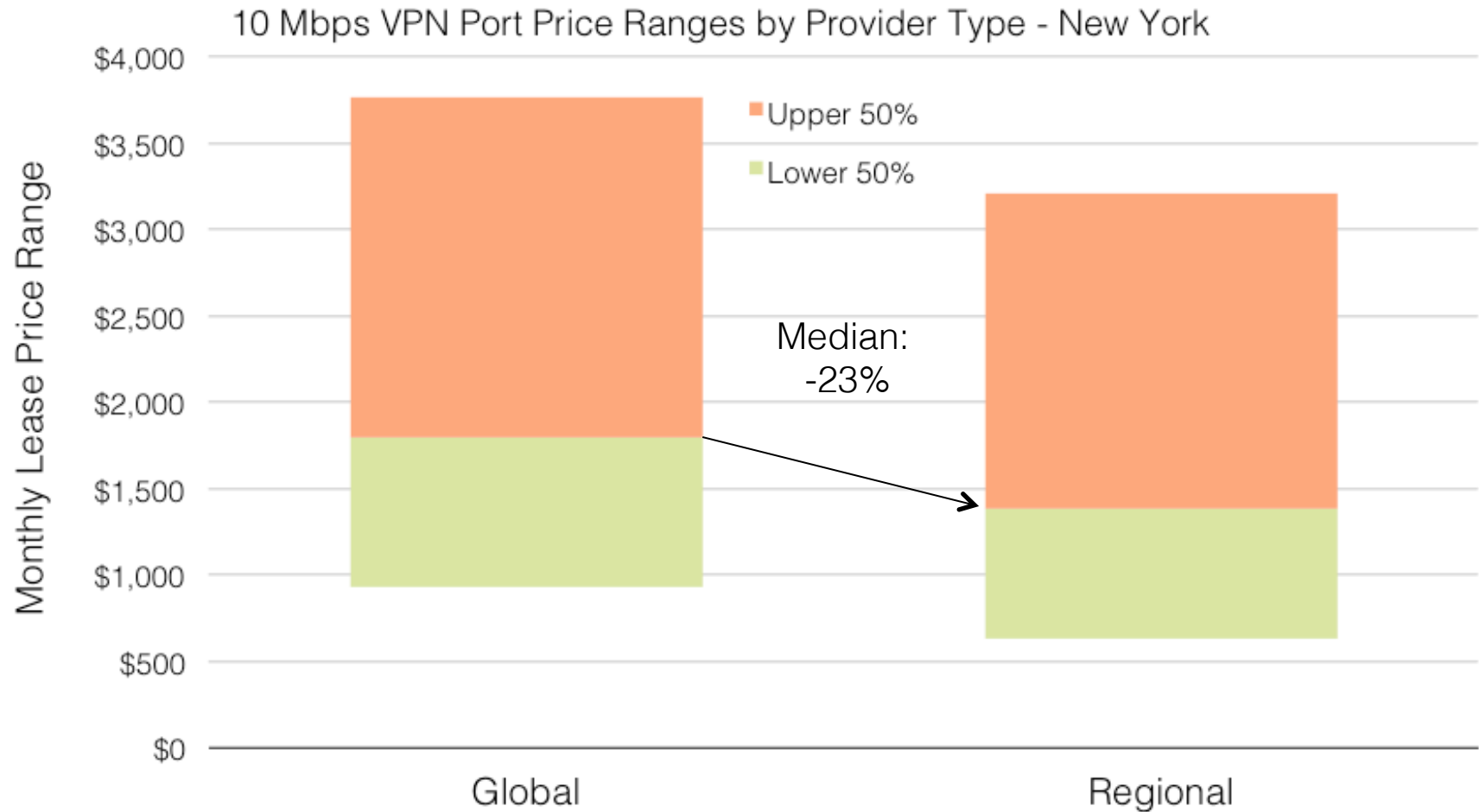


# From Trends to Strategies

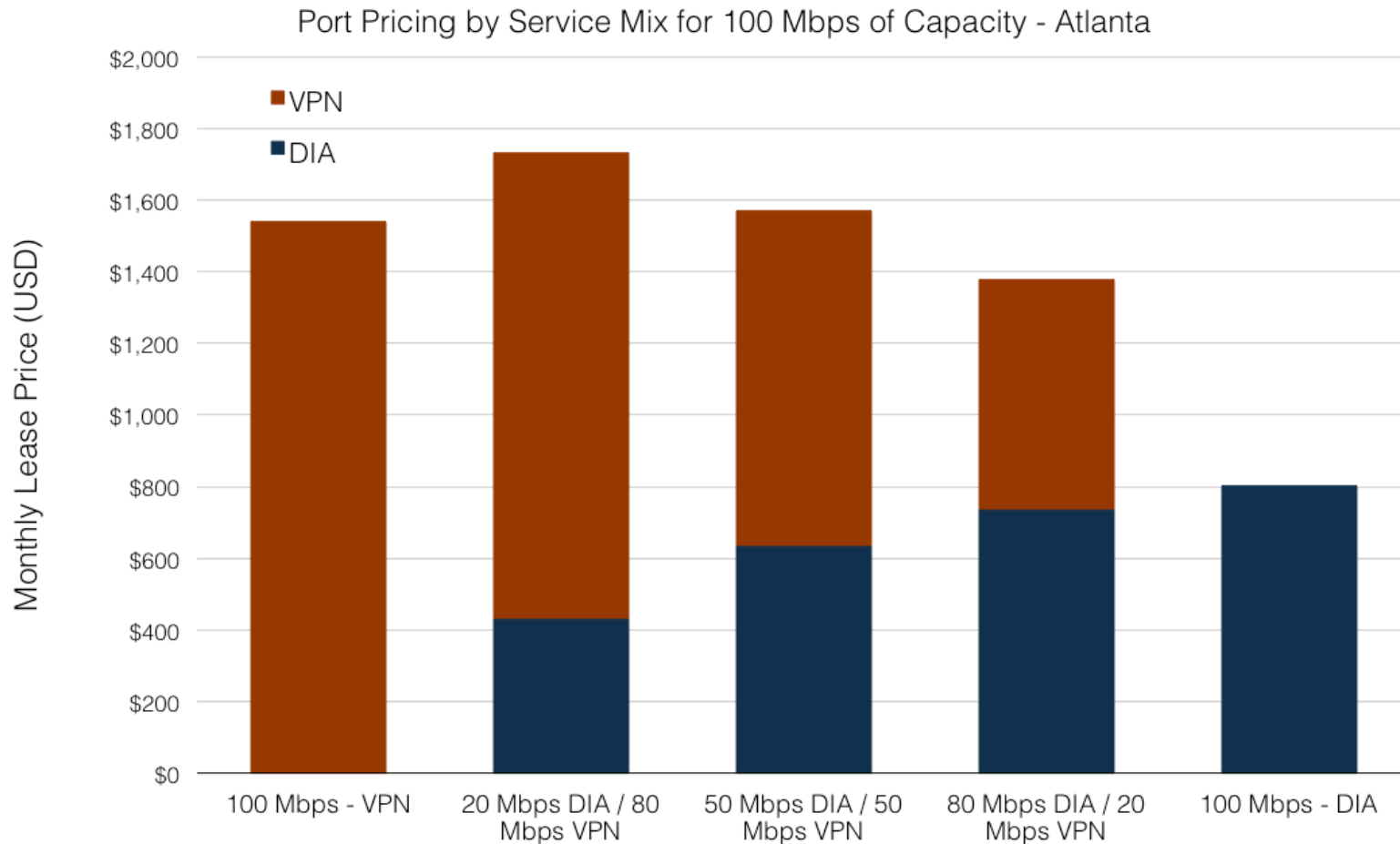
- How can we apply these trends in pricing to advantageous network design? What should I be thinking about when writing an RFP for my network?
- What are my baseline requirements for each site, and for each major traffic stream at each site? And what are my network design options given those key restraints?
- What role does my choice of provider play in evaluating expected costs and specific RFP responses?



# Provider Choice Matters

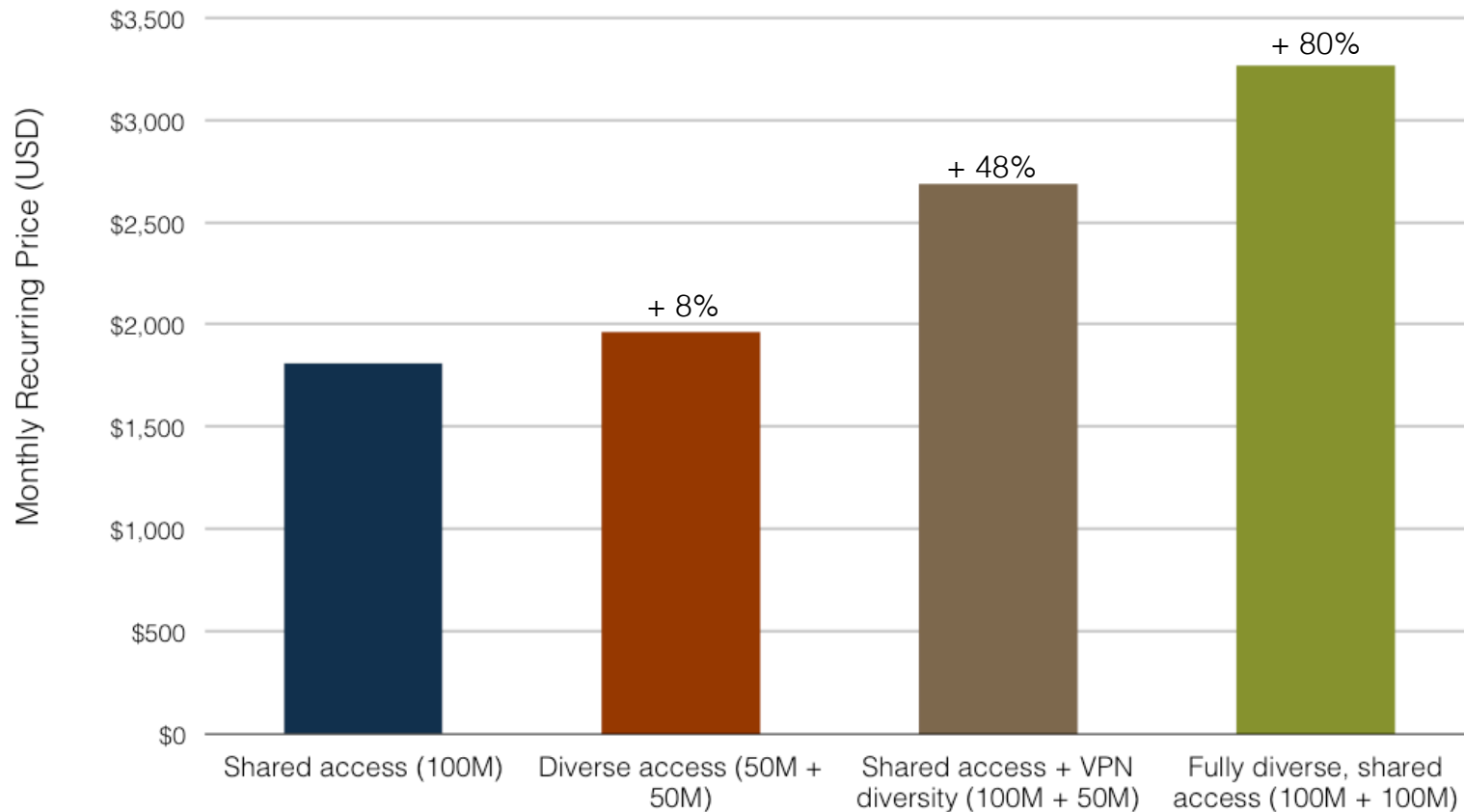


# Scale vs. Product Diversity



# Shared vs. Diverse Access

Access Pricing for 50M DIA / 50M VPN Solution by Diversity Strategy - New York



# Evaluating Network Strategies

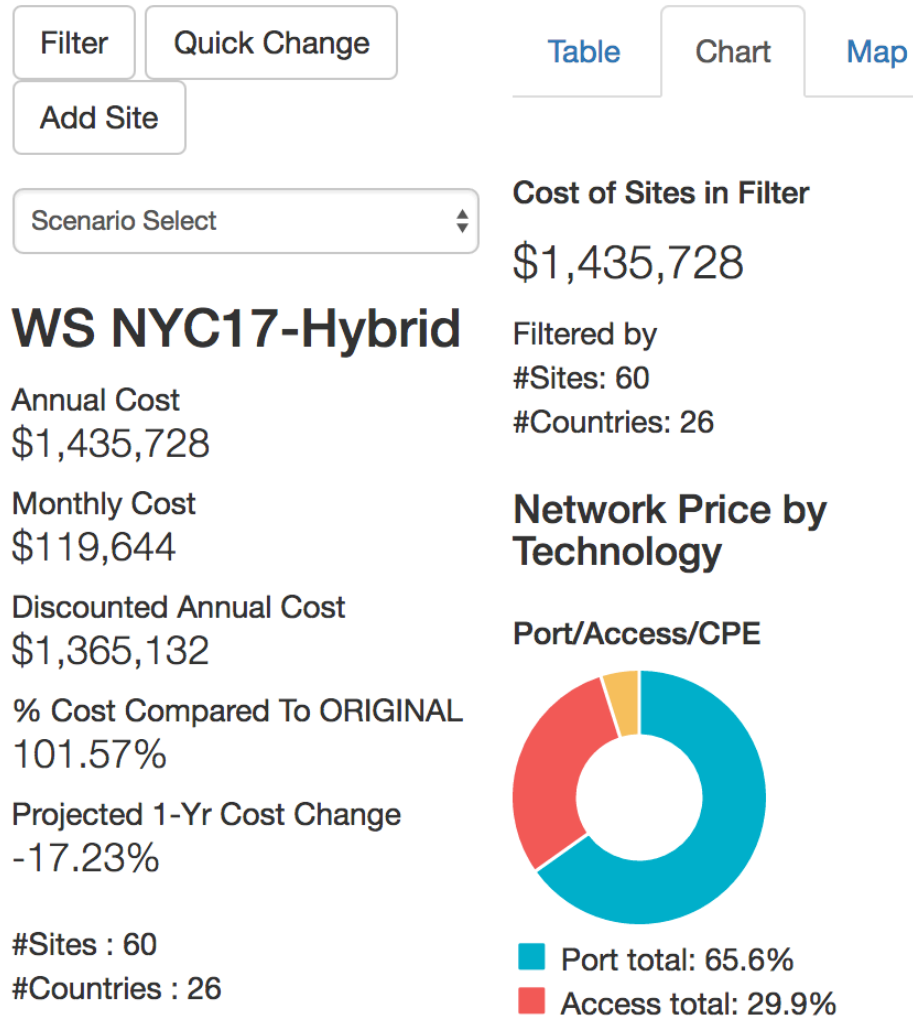
- General strategies are great, but each network is different. An approach for one deployment may not hold for another
  - Varying site geographies
  - Differing providers in a position to bid
  - Other local market conditions
- Where possible, it is best to evaluate potential strategies against a model of your specific deployment

# Baseline Hypothetical WAN Configuration

- Scenario analysis based on hypothetical global network
- 36 sites – 10 in Asia, 10 in Europe, 6 in LatAm, 10 in the US
- Capacities range from 2-1000 Mbps
  - most common are 2 Mbps and 100 Mbps
- Class of Service mix: 10% Voice/Video, 30% Business Critical, 60% Best Efforts
- Ethernet access preferred over leased line, except at low capacities

# Interactive Modeling

- TeleGeography tracks and models networking costs for customized networks in detail in our Interactive Benchmarking application



# Scenario Comparisons in App

# Three Final Takeaways

- **Pick network products wisely**
  - Offloading low-priority traffic to the internet can help optimize costs
  - Multiple services at a single site can give you more flexibility to take advantage of solutions like SD-WAN for improved performance
  - Scale should not be overlooked – larger ports have a lower cost per Mbps. Splitting that port into multiple, smaller services doesn't always result in cost savings
- **Backup and Diversity**
  - Site diversity has many dimensions (network product, provider, access route, etc)
  - Shared access is a useful strategy for cost savings, but should be balanced with the appropriate backup solution for that site's traffic
- **Provider Choice matters**
  - The regional vs. global provider choice often has a substantial financial impact, but doesn't have to be an all or nothing choice



# Thank you!

For questions, please contact me at:

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